Publisher and Proprietor.

tillers to Be Expelled

from Church.

Death of a Kansas Jurist-A New Pro-

hibition Movement-Other

A large sized sensation has been created

at Louisville, Ky., by the announcement

that two of the most prominent whisky

be turned out of the First Christian church,

THE KANSAS LIQUOR LAW.

A New Step Taken by the Attorney Gen-eral of the State Which Will Prove of Gen-

brick block on the most prominent street of that city. The defendant, it is claimed,

amount to large sums will be charged upon the owner, and will no doubt be enforced

by execution if the case is decided in favor of the State.

A BODY BLOW FOR ST. LOUIS.

The Vulcan Steel-Works Forced to Re-

move Their Plant Elsewhere.

A sensation has been caused in manu-facturing circles of St. Louis by the rumor

have been abandoned, and the settlement, which was so lively a year ago, as only a mining camp can be, is now exceedingly dull. The former employes are going elsewhere to seek for work, as there is

TATE'S EMBEZZLEMENTS

in the neighborhood of \$230,000, the sum

good. The report shows that the grossest

JUDGE LECOMPTE DEAD.

-Events in His Life.

THE IMPORTATION OF FOREIGNERS.

The President Objects to the Violation of

the Contract Labor Law.

The letter to United States District Attorney Galvin from President Cleveland, relating to the importation of foreigners into the ports at Boston in violation of the contract labor law is as follows:

CAUGHT ON THE FLY.

Will Happen,
Dh. Mackenzie has declared his inten-

MRS. JOHN A. LOGAN attended the Ohio

State Encampment, Grand Army of the Republic, at Toledo, last week.

JOHN B. SWINNEY, who attempted to rob a Wabash passenger train near Mis-souri City, Mo., Jan. 10, has been sentenced at Kansas City to twelve years in the Peni-

THE famous Apex Side Line mining case, of Colorado, involving property estimated to be worth \$15,000,000, that has been in the courts two years, has been settled by

FRATHER turbens with puffed velvet fronts and an Alsatian bow of ribbon are among the novelties in millinery.

in his accounts.

nothing for them to do at Pilot Knob.

News.

NUMBER 2.

UNRETURNING.

DY JAMES PRANKLIN FITTS.

The season trips with lightsome feet And radiant smiles through April days: **
Its tuneful narmonies are sweet
With one melodious song of praise.

Soft south winds blow among the woods, Their odorous cups the flowerete shake, In lofty galleries multitudes Of choristers the air awakes.

All sights, all sounds, all gladsome things Are changeless to my painful sense— And still each living rapture brings My loneliness no recompense.

The very brook by which we strolled With hand in hand a year ago, Babbles its mirth as uncontrolled As if the world knew naight of woe.

I haunt the nooks we used to love, I turn the leaves we used to read; Mute;witnesses, where'er I move. For perished days will intercode.

God's will be done, with thee and me! My murmuring lips I fain would still, And crush beneath a bended knee A yearning soul's rebellious will—

In vain, in vain! My fond desire Still clings to thee, where'er thou ar The ashes of love's smoldering fire Lie warm around a woman's heart.

HUMOR.

ALWAYS comes out on top-hair.

A HINT for the cynic-All is not oroide

An auctioneer cannot expect to have

his own way. He must follow the bidding of another.

Ear a young rooster before he be-

comes a "crow-cus!" After the "caw-

cus" is the time to eat crow. -Arcola

Boston mamma-Who dwelt in the

garden of Eden, Freddie? Freddie-

Oh, I know, the Adamses!-Harvard

An Arcola girl paints her face with insect powder. It is unnecessary to

state that there are no flies on her .-

"A PUBLIC office is a public trust,"

repeats the politician, and then he cries, "Down with the Trust! Give me the office."—Siftings.

A Boston policeman shot a somnam-

bulist the other night, who was running

in the street-a new form of rapid

THERE is no letter "h" in Volapuk. We had surmised that some of our En-

glish cousins were responsible for the

Ir would be an advantage to the

A RICHMOND sister says: "I am tired

of so much talk about the woman ques-

tion. We have had our way in the

past and intend to have it in the future.

JOHNNIE-Mamma, why do they call ministers doctors? Mother-I can't

tell, Johnnie. Johnnie-Perhaps it's be-

cause they are the pillars of the church,

CUSTOMER (to barber)-That is not

the razor you usually shave me with,

Rastus? Barber—No, sah. I was out to er dancin' pahty lest ebenin' an' I don left dat razor home in my dress

TEACHER (to Tommy, whose father is a milkman)—Tommy, how many pints make a quart? Tommy—A quart

of what? Teacher-Anything-milk,

for instance. Two pints; one pint of water and one pint of milk.—Epoch.

HE that conquereth himself is great-

er than one who taketh a city. But

both have to give way to the man who can sit behind one of the spring bon-

nets in a theater without thinking un-utterable things.—Philadelphia Press.

WHEN a Boston girl is presented with a bouquet she says, "O how de-liciously sweet! Its fragrance impreg-

nates the entire atmosphere of the room." A down-East girl simply says, "It smells scrumptious; thanks, Reub."

OMAHA Dame-Didn't you know be-

fore your marriage that the man you loved had contracted the liquor habit?

Neglected Wife-Yes, I knew he had

contracted the habit, and if it had only stayed contracted I should not have

complained, but after marriage the

THE ONE-BUTTONED SUSPENDER, What vaunting ambitions aloft can man raise, What fond aspirations engender. When he's held like a horse with a one-sided

We believe that the hopes a man has of the

He might surely be led to surrender,
When he feels himself pulled, jerked, hauled
and dragged down

When he feels himself pulled, jerked, hauled, and dragged down By the left-handed, one-buttoned suspender. Puck

A Loaded Cake of Soap.

glers must lie awake nights trying to

evolve new schemes to evade the pay-ment of duties. At least I imagine

they must from the number of new

schemes I am obliged to be on the

lookout for. No sooner do we begin to watch for passengers with the thick-

soled shoes, made by European shoe

makers to accommodate the diamond smugglers, than we have to keep our

eyes open to detect the woman with a bonnetful of jewelry. We seize enough,

heaven knows, but not a fiftieth part of the contraband goods brought into

this country are ever detected.

"The articles which seem to be most

favored by the smugglers are diamonds, jewelry and watches, although silks and costly dress goods are by no means despised. Diamonds, however, hold first rank, because of their portability and the small space which they

occupy. Search in the most unlikely places has often revealed a mine of

wealth. Only a few days ago in the traveling bag of a tourist just arrived was a very innocent-looking piece of toilet soap, which would never have

You are largely responsible for your companionship.

that partly used cake."

Says a customs Hawkshaw:

By the back-strap of half a suspender?

habit expanded.

-Richmond Keligious Herald.

mamma. - Yonkers Statesman.

coat. - Epoch.

average toper if he could take his homeward way as he does his whisky-

straight.—Eurlington Free Press.

trance hit .- Texas Siftings.

new language. - Boston Post.

TINCTURE of anarchy-beer.

that glitters.

Record.

Lampoon.

Arcola Record

CHRISTIANITY AND WHISKY. SOCIETY MEETINGS.

M. E. CHURCH-Rev. J. W Taylor, Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock a. m. and 71/2 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meet Thursday evening at 7% o'clock. All are cor-

GRAYLING LODGE, No. 886, F. & A. M., meets in regular communication on Thursday evening on or before the fall of the moon. Transient members are fraternally invited to J. F. HUM, W. M.

A. TATLOB, Secretary. MARVIN POST, No. 240, G. A. B., meets the second Saturday and fourth Friday in each WM. WOODBURN, Post Commander. A. TATLOR, Adjutant,

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GRAYLING, MICH.

The Grayling House is conveniently situated, being near the depot and business houses, is newly built, and furnished throughout in first-cless style. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of guests. Fine sample-rooms for commercial travelers.

CENTRAL HOTEL

J. & E. RAYMOND, - Proprietors. This house is located conveniently near to the depot and business houses. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of guests.



LIVERY STABLE. GRAYLING, MICH.

I have opened a first-class hotel on Railroad atreet, with everything new, and invite the pat conage of the public. Good livery in connec-tion, and prices reasonable. J. CHARRON, Proprietor.

E. F. RAYMOND, TONSORIAL ARTIST.

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Shaving and Hair-Cutting done in the latest styles, and to the satisfaction of all. Shop near corner of Michigan Avenue and Railroad Street, june10-tf

A. E. NEWMAN,

GOUNTY SURVEYOR

GRAYLING, MICH. Pine timber lands looked after. Correct esti-nates given. Trespasses estimated and collect-d. Surveying done in all its branches. au2

O. J. BELL,

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN, -DEALER IN-

FARMING LANDS. Farms sold at reasonable prices and on term suit purchasers. Pine lands bought and sold respasses correctly estimated. Taxes paid to, etc. july 10, '64-tf

J. R. McDONALD,

Boots and Shoes,

GRAYLING, MICH.

Special attention given to fine sewed work Repairing attended to promptly.

CARL SCHAAD, Harness, Blankets, Whips, AND ALL

Horse Furnishing Goods. GENERAL AGENT FOR EUREKA HARNESS OIL. THE BEST CEDAR ST., GRAYLING.

THE POLITICAL FIELD.

Two Prominent Louisville Disegates to the National Convention.

> Indiana for Cleveland and Gray-Blaine's Name Cheered in Pennsylvania and Massachusetts.

TEXAS REPUBLICANS.

An Uninstructed Delegation to Chicago-Free Trade Denounced, merchants and distillers in that city are to The Texas Republican Convention, at Fort Worth, was presided over by Webster Flan-agan. The following delegates to Chicago were chosen: the leading church of that denomination chosen:
At Large—John B. Rector of Austin, A. J.
Rosenthal of LaGrange, C. M. Ferguson of
Richmond, N. W. Cuney of Galveston.
L. M. A. Baker, Houston; Josana Houston, there, for declining to give up the manufacture and sale of whisky. The two men in question are Robert J. Tilford and Thomas H. Sherley, both of the highest social and commercial standing.

The action of the church in the matter has aroused a great deal of indignation among the whisky men, who are leaders in business circles and regard themselves quite as good Christians as anybody else.

Huntsville. 2. G. W. Burkett, Palestine; Alexander As-berry, Cal Fort. 3. Webster Flansgan, Henderson; L. B. Fisher. Tyler. 4. Samuel Wright, Paris: John Coffie, Sulphur Springs.

a. H. M. Spaulding, Denton; J. W. Hearne,

quite as good Christians as anybody else. It is understood that this movement is to be followed up by other churches, and in that event the whisky men will very likely establish a church of their own. Sherman.

6. J. P. Alexander, Fort Worth; C. F. Allernan, Dallas.
7. R B. Rentfree, Brownsville; H.C. Ferguson, Richmond, 8. A. G. Johnson, Columbus; M. M. Morgan, LaGrange, 9. W. T. Crawford, Cameron; W. H. Blunt, Brenham. 10. J. C. Degrezs, Austin; E. H. Terrel, San ntonio. 11. Robert F. Campbell, El Paso; W. E. Mor-

on. Weatherford.

The delegat on stands sixteen white and ten-colored. It is thought to be about equally di-yided in first preference between Blaine and

A new step under the Kansas liquor law has been taken at Wichita, Kan., which is said to be the first instance of the kind on record. Attorney General Hallowell has filed a petition to foreclose a lien of \$3,200 on the property of Rosa Weiner, a large Yes, man.

7. B. Hanns, of Denison, and 'A. J. Evans, of San Antonio, were nominated for electors at large. The question of nominating a State ticket was relogated to a special committee of thirty-three, who were instructed to meet at Austin, Aug. 28, and put a full State ticket in the field. The platform condemns the free-trade doctrine and sentiments expressed in the President's message; favors tariff for protection; demands special protection for the wool industry, and indorses the Blair educational bill. knowingly rented her property to one Rode for the purpose of running what is known as a liquor joint. This man, January 12, was convicted of violations of the liquor law, sent to the County Jail for over two years and fined \$2,600 and costs of suit.

INDIANA DEMOCRATS.

The importance of the suit becomes apparent when it is remembered that in many of the business blocks are found these The Districts Choose Men Favorable to Cleveland and Gray. joints run by men irresponsible and as willing to be paid for staying in jail as for keeping bar. All the fines and costs against them which have thus accumulated and now

Cleveland and Gray.

District meetings for the appointment of delegates to the Democratic National Convention were held throughout Indians on the 25th of April. Cleveland and Gray swept the platform. The twenty-six delegates chosen are for that ticket without reservation, although no instructions were given. Following are the delegates elected:

First District—J. E. McCullongh, Gibson; William Rahm, Jr., Vanderburg.

Second—J. M. Oglin, Washington; L. B. Mullinix, Green. linix, Green, Third-O. O. Stealey, Clark; Wayne Cook,

Third—O. O. Stealey, Clark; Wayne Cook, Harrison, Fourth—Frank B. Dorman, Dearborn; James K. Ewing, Decatur.

Fifth—John C. Robinson, Owen; John W. Ragedale, Johnson.

Eixh—Thomas J. Newkirk, Bush; William M. Harris, Bandolph.

Seventh—Allen W. Conduitt, Marion; Charles G. Offul, Hancock.

Eighth—Maurice Thompson, Montgomery; Perry H. Blue, Sullivan.

Ninth—J. O. Sanderson, Howard; Charles B. Stuart, Tippecanos. facturing circles of St. Louis by the rumor that the rich body of iron ore at Iron Mountain and Pilot Knob has been exhausted and that the Vulcan Steel Works will be removed to Cleveland. The plant is controlled by the St. Louis Ore & Steel Company, and its lessees are Wilcox & Stuart. The shipments have fallen from 22,000 tons of ore per month to 5,000. Seventy per cent. of the men employed have been discharged because there is no work for them to do. Stores in the vicinity have been abandoned, and the settlement, which was so lively a year ago, av only a Stuart, Tippecanos.
Tenth-Michael Fansler, Cass; D. F. Skinner,

Porter. Eleventh-C. P. Cole, Jay; L. B. Fullenwider, Hismi.
Twelfth—Charles McCullocn, Allen; Andrew
Baxter, De Kalb.
Thit teenth—Garland E. Rose, St. Joseph; W.
C. Wilson, La Porte.

PENNSYLVANIA REPUBLICANS.

They Choose Uninstructed Delegates Chicago—Blaine's Name Cheered.

Jacob M. Campbell, of Cambria County, presided over the Berublican State Couvention at Harrisburg. The mention of Blaine's name in the convention was loudly cheered. James T. Mitchell of Philadelphia was nominated for Supreme Judge, Thomas Dolan of Philadelphia and Lewis Fugh of Lackawanna were chosen candidates for Presidential electors at large, and Senator M. S. Quay, Daniel H. Hastings, Nelson P. Reed and Henry W. Oliver were chosen delegates at large to the national convention. Chicago-Blaine's Name Cheered. The Report to the Kentucky Solons Shows a Shortage of \$230,000-Gross Negli-The report of the Commissioners appointed to investigate absconding Treasurer Tate's office has been submitted to the Kentucky Legislature. It contains no sen-sational disclosures, the deficit being placed

contion.

The platform, which was unanimously adopted, demands that Congress enact such laws as shall secure fair elections for members of Congress and the electoral college; denounces the President's message and the wool clause of the Milis tariff bill; demands the passage of a just and comprehensive pension bill; condemns the action of the Democrats in the House in refusing to pass the direct-tax bill; declares in favor of a true civil-service reform; pledges the Republican party of the State to submit the question of prohibition to a vote of the people, and indorses the State administration of Gov. Beaver. already named. This may be reduced to less than \$200,000 if certain papers prove carelessness prevailed in the Treasurer's office during Tate's regime of twenty years. The Famous Kansas Jurist Passes Away

MASSACHUSETTS REPUBLICANS.

Delegates to the National Convention Led by Senstor Hour.

-Events in His Life.

Judge Samuel D. Lecompte, residing at Kansas City, is dead, at the age of 74. He was buried at Leavenworth.

Judge Lecompte was a familiar figure in the stormy and troublous days of the admission of Kansas as a State into the Union. He was born on the eastern abore of Maryland. In 1851 he was appointed Chief Justice of the Territory of Kansas by President Franklin Pierce, and served in that capacity until the admission of the Territory of Kansas as a State into the Union. Judge Lecompte presided over the first Constitutional Convention held at Lecompton, a place named after him. Latterly Judge Lecompte was in poor health, and made his home with his son in Kansas City. The Republican State Convention of Massachusetts assembled at Boston and nominated Senator George F. Hour of Worcester, F. L. Burden of North Attlebore, State Treasurer Henry S. Hyde of Springfield, and Alanson W. Beard of Roston delegates-at-large to the National Republican Convention. Bialne's name was wildly cheered by the delegates. A platform was adopted, which denounces the Democratic party as a fee to homest elections and for its opposition to the Dakota bill; declares that Freatdent Cloveland has been unfaithful to his civil-service reform promises; favors high license and local option and trade reciprocity with other peoples on this continent. The tariff plank declares that while the Republicans of Massachusetts favor a proper revision of the tariff, they oppose such revision as has for its primary object the abandonment of the protective principle; and they claim that the propositions made by the Democratic party though the message of the President and the Mills bill warrant the opposition of every citizen who prefers the welfare of his country to that of unother. The Republican State Convention of Mass

OTHER POLITICAL CONVENTIONS.

contract labor law is as follows:

Information has reached the Treasury Department that a large number of foreigners have been brought into Massachusetts under violation of the contract labor law for the purpose of mauning American fishing vessels sent out from the ports of Gloucester. Boston and Beverly, for the purpose of taking fish along the Canadian coast. It seems to me quite certain that such foreigners and aliens have been brought in by parties in direct violation of the statute covering such cases, and I believe that the importation of such foreigners tends to the displacement of American labor. I am aware that many of tuose persons have, through the care of the officials, been returned to the country from which they came. I therefore enjoin on you the duty of a prompt investigation of these cases, and request that you conter with the collectors of the ports of Hoston and Gloucester, that prompt and effective measures may be taken. The department has ordered that special agents be detailed, who will report directly to you, and if you require any further assistance it will be given you upon application.

CAUGHT ON THE FLY. New York Union Labor Party. New York Union Labor Party.

The sub-committee of the Executive Committee of the Union Labor party met at Syracuse and named J. J. Junio of Syracuse and J. J. Hoyt of Jamestown delegates at large to the Cincinnati convention. A. J. Streeter of Illinois, Chairman of the National Committee, was prominently mentioned for Fresident and General Master Workman Powlerly for Vice President. Resolutions were passed demanding that the Secretary of the Treasury at once call in and redeem \$100,000,000 of Government bonds in order to help business, and naming May 8 as the day for chocoing delegates by Congressional districts to the national convention at Cincinnati.

The Arizona Republican Territorial Convention adopted resolutions favoring protection and condemning the Democratic administration for disregarding its pledges to the Territories in the matter of appointments and its antagonism to silver. The sentiment of the convention was strong for Blaine. S. F. Eggers and L. H. Geodrich were chosen delegates to the Chicago convention.

tion of prosecuting the journals which have calumniated him. Georgia Prohibitionists THE Carnegie mills at Braddock, Pa., The Georgia Prohibition Convention was presided over by A. A. Murphy. Sam Small and other Prohibition leaders made stirring speeches. A delegation of twenty-four was appointed to attended the Indianapolis convention, and was instructed to vote for Fiske and Bayne for President and Vice President representations. JAMES CUMMINGS, manager of the Dun Commercial Agency at Dayton, O., who committed suicide, was \$6,000 short

> Oberly for Indian Commissi It is said that John H. Oberiy of Illinois will be appointed Commissioner of Indian Affairs, to sunceed Mr. Atkins, whose resignation is in the hands of the President.

> Maine's Heart Is True to Jim. "Nobody is talked of for the Presidency by Maine Republicans except James G. Blaine," says a Portland dispatch. "They believe that he is the strongest man in the party, and they believe, to: that he could defeat Cleveland on a second trial."

> Bound to Be Recognized. Ohio is bound to be recognized. Six of the leading candidates for President-Sherman, Allison, Harrison, Windom, Hunk and Alger-were born in that State.

INDIANA FOR GRAY.

A Number of States Choose Del- He Is Indorsed by the Democratic Convention for the Vice Presidency.

> Maine Republicans Choose Delegates -Illinois State Labor Convention.

The Indiana Democratic Convention assem bled at Indianapolis on Thursday, April 26, and speedily effected an organization by making Charles I. Jewott chairman. Courtland C, Matson, William R. Myers, W. D. Bynum and Wilson, William R. Myers, W. D. Bynum and William Holman were named for Governor, but cit motion of Mr. Myers Mr. Matson was nominated unanimously. Mr. Myers was immediately nominated Lieutenant Governor, and Roosft W. Miers was chosen Becretary of State by acclamation. The other nominations made were Charles A. Munson, Auditor; Thomas B. Byrnes, Treasurer; John E. Wilson, Attorney Saneral; A. F. Griffitha, Superintendent of Public Instruction; John W. Kern, Beporter of the Supreme Court. Three Judges of the Suprems Court were nominated from the First, Second and Fourth districts. These were W. E. Niblack, George V. Howk and Allen Zollars. Daniel W. Voorhees of Terre Haute, David Turple of Indianapolis, John G. Shanklin of Evansville, and John H. Bass of Fert Wayne were elected delegates to the National Democratic Convention at St. Louis. The platform, which was reported by Hon. William H. English, cordially indorses the administration of President Cleveland, and commends him to the country for re-election. It is also approves the State administration of Gov. Gray, and instructs the delegates to the St. Louis Convention to cast their votes as a unit for him for Vico President. The resolutions declare against stringent prohibition, and favor a well-regulated license system. Labor legislation of a character calculated to assure the safety and payment of the Inborer, and to promote narmony between employers and employed, is approved. Indiscriminate land grants are disapproved. The revenue and civilsorvice planks are as follows:

"We are opposed to taking money from the pockets of the business of the ceuntry, and encouraging extravagant and courget expenditures. In the end that these cruel burdens be removed from the taxpayers and that such expenditures shill cease, we insist that the taxes on imports be reduced to the lowest point consistent with efficiency in the public service, and we demand a revision and reform of the present unjust tariff as recommunded in the late message of the President.

"The Democratic part liam Holman were named for Governor, but ett notion of Mr. Myers Mr. Matson was nominat-

Maine Republicans.

Seven hundred and eighty-three delegates attended the Maine Republican Convention at Banger, which was presided over by Horace H. Burbank. Horace H. Shaw of Portland and Samuel N. Campbell of Cherryfield were chosen Presidential electors. Delegates-at-large to Chicago were selected as follows: Charles H. Prescott, Biddelord; Joseph H. Manley, Augusta; N. H. Allen, Thomaston, and Charles A. Boutelle, Banger. The platform deelares for protection and denounces the Mills bill and the President's free-trade message. It favors the reduction of the internal revenue tax to equal the wise expenditures of the Government.

As to Mr. Bialas the resolutions say: "The Hon, James G. Blaine, our long-trusted statesman, is deserving of the thanks of the people of Maine and of the entire na ion for the promptness and remarkable ability and facility with which, in his Paris letter, he answered the free-trade manifesto of President Cleveland and pointed out the duty of maintaining the American people."

The other resolutions denounce the fillouster-

The other resout one denounce the minutesting against the relunding of the war tax, and criticise the conduct of foreign affairs by the Democratic party. The declarations of nostlity to the salcous are renewed and the proper administration of the civil service law de-

Iowa Prohibitionists.

Iowa Prohibitionists.

The Iowa Prohibitionists met in convention at Des Moines and placed the following ticket in the field: Secretary of State, James Mickelwaite of Mills County; Auditor of State, Maicomb Smith of Line County; Tressurer, J. L. Adams of Dubujue; Clerk of Suprema Court, E. O. Sharpe of Folk. V. G. Farnham, J. Mickelwaite, D. R. Dungan, and E. W. Brady were chosen delegates at large to the national convention, and district delegates were also chosen. They were instructed for Gen. Clinton B. Fiske of New Jersey, for President, and J. D. Cranfinn, of Texas, for Vice Fresident, A complete electoral ticket was nominated. The Committee on Hesolutions submitted a report recognizing Almighty God as the rightful sovereignty of all men, from whom the first powers of government were derived and to whose laws human enactments should conform; demanding the earliest possible prohibition of the liquor traffic by both State and national constitutions, and the repeal of all crime-fostering license and tax systems; declaring that the run power must be vanquished by a political organization, and those intrusted with enforcement of the laws must be in sympathy with the trinciples and sustained by a party unconditionally committed to the doctrine of and those intrusted with enforcement of the laws must be in sympathy with the rinciples and sustained by a party unconditionally committed to the doctrine of prohibition, and that prohibitory enactments ferced upon an unwilling party was prohibition in the hands of its enemies. The resolutions also protest against the alleged cold-blooded attempts of unscrupulons demagogues to which the liquor type of the first to fight another Presidential campaign on the tariff issue, while the liquor problem, a thousand times more vast in impostance, is sought to be ignored. It declares for a reduction of both passenger and freight rates on all trunk lines; a fair count of ballots cast by prohibitionists as well as other vot rs; symmathy to wage-workers in their efforts to better their condition; reser ation of public lands for actual settlers; prohibition of importation of papers and employment of child labor, and for woman suffrage.

Illuois Labor Party.

Hilmois Labor Party.

The State Convention of the United Labor party of Hilmois fact at Decatur and organized by placing W. W. Weaver in the chair. W. W. Jones, of Carnargo, was nominated for Governor on the first ballot. Charles G. Dixon, of Chicago, was nominated for Licutenant Governor; Bert Stewart, of Decatur, Secretary of State; and George W. Collings, of Kvanston, State Auditor. Mr. Jones is a farmer and a straight Union party man of Republican antecedents. He is worth \$25,00. is a native of Indian, is 52 years old, a Methodist, and a strict temperance man. The platform advocates the strict enforcement of all laws and obeyance of the ame, calls for a lower State tax, urges that holders of moragages shall be tared on the same, that members of the Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners shall be elected; that mans of communication and transportation shall be owned by the Government; that a monetary system in the interest of the producer instead of the speculator shall be secured; that arbitration shall take the place of strikes; that a graduated income tax be established; that United States Senators be elected by the people; that both sexes shall have the right to vote, and that the Labor party is a prohibition party.

Congressional Nominations. Congressional Nominations.

Tenth Illinois District, Gen. Philip S. Post,
Republican; Fourth Onlo, S. S. Yoder, Democrat; Sixteenth Illinois, George W. Fithian,
Democrat; Twelith Illinois, L. N. Wise, Labot;
Third Maine, Fath L. Milliken, Republican,
Tenth Pennsylvania, Horace L. Haide
man, Democrat; First Kansas, E.
N. Morrill, Republican; Fourteenth
Ohio, Charles P. Wickham, Republican; Ninth
Illinois, L. E. Payson, Republican; Seventh IlInois, T. J. Henderson, Republican; Seventh
Maine, C. A. Eoutelle, Republican; Seventh
Kansas, E. W. Benson, Prohibition.

Governor Hill Is for Cleveland Governor Hill Is for Cleveland.

A Washington telegram says: "Col. J. B. Tombinson, editor of the Omaha Democrat, has kept Gov. David B. Hill's name at the head of his editorial column for some time as his candidate for the Presidency. Last night having just returned from Albany, where he had a long conference with Gov. Hill, he telegraphed his managing editor to take Hill's name down. The Governor told him, he says, that he was not only not a candidate, but that he would willingly head the New York delegation for Cleveland at St. Louis."

Some overzealous admirer of Mayor Hewitt ntroduced in the New York Legislature a bill making it a misdemensor to raise any foreign leg upon a building owned by the State or by my city or village. The bill was slaughtered by a vote of 4 yeas and 10 mays.

CONGRESSIONAL.

MR. VOORNERS occupied the floor of the Ser

Work of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

Ms. Voorners occupied the floor of the Senate on April 25, and spoke at length in reply to the recent speech of Mr. Ingails. Mr. Voorhees legan by declaring that the Republican party leaders, driven by madness to suicide and hari-hari, were soing before the American people opposing svery reduction of taxes except those paid by tobacdo and alcoholic spirits, and concluded by saying that the verdict of the American people in November would be that there had been holiest, capable government, and that it must continue. The House adopted a resolution from the Ways and Means Committee limiting the general debate on the tar, fi bill to sevember days, with two evening sessions weakly, the time to be equally divided between the two parties. The debate was then opened by Mr. Bymun, of Indians, who said he believed that customs duties should be levied to mest the customs duties about the country was the want of a market. Tear down the well that had been built around the count if foreign labof, and it deut take sare of itself. It needed no other protection Mr. Browne of Indians expenses thimself as not in the least frightened at the pistnoric condition of the National Treasury. The accountaining revenue might be used for the people's benefit. The national debt might be gradually paid off, the merchans marine might be furnities of the laborate who saved the country a parting beneficion. That a surplus existed was an evidence of institutely people might tender to the old solders who saved the country a parting beneficion. That a surplus existed was an evidence of the contructed, a flavy might be provided, and a gradually paid off, the B

When the Senate resumed consideration of the railroad land forfeiture bill April 26, Mr. Palmer took the floor and argued against all the amendments as to the lands granted to the State of Michigan for railroad purposes and by the Govennor of that State deeded to the Lake Superior Ship Canal Company. He declared that every process under the original grant had been known to the cahal company as irregular, and that the company chip hoped that time would cure its title and that continuance in possession would give to it rights which it could not claim under the law. Mr. Palmer scored the Lake Superior Ship Canal Company, and showed up the schemes to dispossess activers of their claims. The Senate passed a bill granting a right of way 100 feet in width to the Kansas City and Pacific Railfoad intrough the Indian Territory (the company to pay \$15 and per annum for use of the nation or tribe of Indians whose land is taken), and appropriating \$100,000 additional for the completion of a public building at Wichita kas. The tariff debate was continued in the House, Mr. Huchanan, of New Jersey, being the first speaker. He opposed the bill as being a direct blow at all the industries in his district, and pradicted that it would increase the surplus by stimulating importation. Mr. Hudd, of Wisconsin, said that the Democratic party had placed its shoulders against the car of tariff reform, and would proper it to the end of the journey. He denied that the bloated system of protection had indeed protected American labor. There had been strikes innumerable, resulting in the last two years in a loss of \$20,003,003, Hemarks in favor of the bill were made by Mr. Hemphill, of South Carolina, and in opposition by Mr. Osborne, of Pennsylvania. WHEN the Senate resumed consideration of the railroad land forfeiture bill April 28, Mr.

BEYOND the passing of seventeen pension bills, the House did nothing but talk on the tariff, at its session on April 27. Mr. Brewer of Michigan opened the debate. He advocated the protective system as one which tended to increase the wages of labor, and in support of his proposition he cited various statistics prepared by Commissioner Wright to show that the rates of wages in this country largely exceeded those of the workingined of England. He was especially earnest in his opposition to the free-wool clause, which he said would ruin an industry which was national in its importance. It was true that there was danger in large surplus, but not so great a danger as the President seemed to suppose. The Hapublican party had disposed of its surplus by paying off Government bonds, while the Democratic party hoarded its aurplus in the treasury. Mr. Ford, of Michigan, said that the question presented now was one of tariff reduction, not abolition. He ridiculed the position taken by the protectionists that a high tariff increased the wages of American workmen. No industries, he said showed more poverty, more destitution, and more strikes among their workingmen than those so-called protected ones. Referring to the claim that the home market was the best market, Mr. Ford said the result of this home-market swindle is that the farmer is most beautifully delided. The high-tariff party gets his money, and the farmer gets this money, and the farmer gets this money, and the farmer gets this money, and the farmer gets the not end of the poker, Mr. Goff, of West Virginia, said that he did not believe in free raw material. There was no such thing as raw material, but when it was united it was the miners' finished product, and entitled to protection. It was as much entitled to protection as the ries fields of the South. Wool clipped from the sheep was not a raw material. It was the farmer's inshed product, and entitled to protection as the ries fields of the South. Wool clipped from the sheep was not a raw material. It was the farmer's inshed product, and entitled to pro bills the House did nothing but talk on the tariff, at its session on April 27. Mr. Brewer of

Women who meddle with everybody else's business are to be shunned and feared. One of them was on the Troy local the other afternoon. A sprucely dressed young man held in his hand a yellow paper covered book, in which he seemed to be deeply interested. The woman sat in front of him, and, happening to turn to take in the pas-sengers, observed the cheap literature which was engrossing the attention of the man behind her. In a pleading, insinuating voice she said to him: 'Young man, don't you know that you are wasting your time very toolishly in reading dime novels? You might better take a book on history with you or something else that would benefit your mind and give you an opportunily to improve." Reaching her hand over the back of the seat, she said very deliber-ately: "Let me look at that book." The young man, without relaxing a single feature, handed the book over to his aggressive fellow passenger. She turned it over to read the title. It was as follows: "Easy Lessons in French for Beginners." The old lady never said a word. She dropped the book into the young man's lap and shot into the next car .- Albany Journa!.

THE human breath is poisonous, says Professor Brown-Sequard, not merely the rum, tobacco or onion-laden broath, but the ordinary, every-day breath of the temperate. He has condensed the breath, and injected the resulting liquid under the skin of a rabbit, which promptly expired.

It's a new discovery a farmer makes on finding a lad swimming in his duck pond.

THE mania for drawing on bric-abrac's ketching.

The Avalanche

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN, PALMER.

Editor and Proprietor. TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

MICHIGAN AFFAIRS.

-Caseville saw mills have started up.

-Hargrave, Haven & Co.'s new shingle nill at Bay City is completed. -James H. Lewis, of Kalamazoo, for stealing an overcoat from his employer,

last winter, has been sentenced to three years in prison. -Patrick Wade, who shot the widow of Burke, at Norway, has been found guilty

of murder in the first degree, by the County Circuit Court at Menomine - Berno Langler, aged 19, a baker, on returning to his home in Jackson, was

scolded by his father for drinking beer. Taking a revolver, the young man shot himself through the head, and died in a few hours. -Much more building will be done at

Sault Ste. Marie this year than in '87. Contracts have already been let for four large brick stores, a saw-mill, a theater, a depot, and railroad repair shops, and over fifty residences. The Soo National Bank block will also be finished this spring.

-Mrs. Mary DeWolf, of Lee Center, Ill., has given Hillsdale College \$5,292, in addition to \$2,000 that she gave them some time ago, and will soon add enough to make an even \$10,000. She intende later to make the sum \$15,000, and have It makes a fire-red-headed man wild to have a barber ask him if he would like a little brillantine on his mustache. it used to endow a professorship of theology.

-H. Stephens & Co., of St. Helen, have erected a telephone wire between that place and Waters, where they have large lumbering interests, a distance of fifty miles. This completes the circuit and the Stephens Company now have telephone connection with all their lumber camps as well as between the places men-

-The outlook for hay the coming season in Kalamazoo County is very poor, and but few farmers expect more than half a crop of wheat. There is little or no hay for sale. What little is offered brings \$20 a ton. There will be little or no clover, as in most clover fields last fall sheep were turned in and ate it down so low that frosts have pulled it out and killed it.

-A lot of river drivers in the employ of Thomas Nester, near Baraga, attempted to thaw some dynamite by placing it in the oven of a cook stove. The result was an explosion which killed Patrick Rattigan and William Morrison, and severely injured Malcolm McEachin, Peter Sommerville, and Edward McGill. It is thought that Sommerville's injuries will prove fatal.

-The Rev. J. F. Dickie, of the South Presbyterian Church of Detroit, has been invited to take charge of the American Chapel in Paris. If he accepts he will be the second Detroit clergyman who has held that position, the Rev. Dr. Eldredge, Mr. Pierson's predecessor at the Fort Street Presbyterian Church, having called upon to preach to Americans in the French capital.

-Eastern gentlemen some time ago purchased marshes in the vicinity of Monroe, and converted them into a hunting preserve, comprising nearly all the fine shooting territory in that district. Pot-hunters and other sportsmen invaded the place, and the Eastern folk, known as the Monros Marsh Company, sued for trespass. The Supreme Court has decided in favor of the Marsh Company.

-Following is the earnings statement of railroad companies in the State for the month of February, 1888: Earnings for February, 1888, \$5,550,304; earnings for corresponding month of 1887, \$5,167,097 .-78; increase for 1888, \$382,206.22; total earnings from January 1, 1888, to March 1, 1888, \$11,007,656.97; same period in 1887, \$10,421,728.81; increase for 1888, \$585,-928.16; per cent. of increase, 5.33. -Mrs. Marmaduke McAfferty was ar-

rested at Muskegon on complaint of her husband. He charges her with bigamy, He says she came to this State several menths ago on a visit, and, unknown to him, was married in Muskegon last August to one Albert Hancock, She says she heard McAfferty was killed in Kansas, and thought it all right to marry Hancock. Sometime ago she learned that McAfferty was alive, and at once began proceedings for a divorce. She also had an injunction served restraining McAfferty from molesting her or their 5-year-old boy. There was quite a scene when the couple met. Their friends are trying to have the matter amicably adjusted. Pending the divorce proceedings the bigamy case will be with -Capt. Wm. P. Spaulding of Sault St.

Marie has returned from the mining country north of Lake Superior. To a reporter he said that the finds of precious metals made in the interior recently have been so numerous and rich that there will probably be a rush of people into the country as soon as the season opens. "I would be afraid to tell you the value of some of the pieces of silver that I have seen taken out," said he, "because you could hardly believe me. The silver is found almost pure, Much of the ore averages \$2,800 per ton, and occasionally the precious metal is found in a mass almost pure." The mines are about 150 miles from the lake. The most recent strike has so far exceeded the most sanguine expectations. Capt. Spaulding is very enthusiastic over the new discoveries.

-Arbor Day was observed at Hillsdale College by planting thirty trees on the campus in memory of the thirty students from that institution who fell in the civil war. The endowment of the college is being steadily increased.

toilet soap, which would never have been given a second glance by the inspector if it had not been for the evident anxiety displayed by the owner of the bag to get it back.

"Almost ashamed of himself the officer pulled out his pocket knife and attempted to pierce that cake of soap. The traveler's jaw fell and the officer's knife blade met an obstruction at about the same time. There were just \$3,000 wort's of rubies and diamonds inside of that partly used cake." -C. H. Jackson, aged fifty-three, and G. A. Jackson, aged twenty-two, the for-mer being the father of the latter, are both in the present senior class in Hillsdale College, and will take their diplomas to-